

National Project POIG.01.01.02-00-016/08 Model agroenergy complexes as an example of distributed cogeneration based on local renewable energy sources

EXPERIMENTAL INVESTIGATION OF THE ORC SYSTEM IN A COGENERATIVE DOMESTIC POWER PLANT WITH A MICROTURBINE AND AN EXPANSION VALVE

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Outline of presentation

- 1. Introduction
- 2. Experimental set up
 - investigated cycles
 - heating cycles
 - microturbines
- 3. Experimental results
- 4. Conclusions









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1. INTRODUCTION

In order to meet the directives and trends indicated by the European Union, concerning the systems using renewable sources of energy, the idea of a home micro-power plant is worked up in the Institute of Fluid-Flow Machinery of the Polish Academy of Sciences in Gdańsk.



A general scheme of a domestic micro combined heat and power unit.











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Micro-Cogeneration Plant

is a system used in combined heat and power (CHP) on smallscale production for individual and industrial needs.

Reason of our interest?

- significant increase of fuel energy efficiency in combined heat and power production when compared to conventional power plants,
- necessity to increase the share of renewable resources in the fuelenergetic balance,
- improvement of ecological and energetic safety obtained through:
 - $\ensuremath{\circ}$ decentralization of power production,
 - o diversification of energy sources,
 - $\ensuremath{\circ}$ use of the local energy sources,
- electric energy production savings.









Advantages of ORC systems:

- possibility to use low-temperature heat sources and thus to use renewable energy sources,
- possibility to use biogas and lignocelluloses biomass thanks to a multi-fuel boiler,
- possibility to use secondary waste heat,
- module-based construction ease of adjustment to the required power range,
- compatibility with gas turbines, fuel engines and fuel cells stacks, cold production systems.









2. EXPERIMENTAL SET UP

The co-generative micro-power plant

with the HFE 7100 (solvent) as a working fluid was designed and built for the purposes of experimental investigations. The values of the main cycle parameters were as follows:

- heat output: 20 kW,
- electric output: 2 3 kW
- the pressure at turbine inlet: 12 bar,
- the temperature at turbine inlet: 160°C,









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The reasons of selecting the fluid HFE 7100 as a working medium for the CHP ORC system are:

- Good efficiency for the specified temperature of the heat source and of the water produced for heating purposes,
- The lowest pressure in the system is above the atmospheric pressure no air leakage to the system,
- The fluid chosen is a "dry" fluid no problem with erosion of a turbine blades after expansion,
- The fluid is non-flammable, low toxic and chemically and thermally stable,
- Zero ozone depletion potential.









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The ORC system with a microturbine and a set of heaters in the test bench in the Institute of Fluid-Flow Machinery of the Polish Academy of Science in Gdańsk.



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COOLER No. 2 **ORC** system EVAPORATOR FLOW HEATER ELECTRIC FOR OIL COOLER JAD-2 No. 1 ∩ ∢ MULTI-FEUI BOILER \mathbf{F} OIL U RESERVOIR Ъ.

F - filter, P - oil pomp, T - turbine flowmeter, U - ultrasonic flowmeter

Scheme of a heating cycle with a multi-fuel boiler or electric flow heater for thermal oil and heat exchangers.









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Investigated cycles



Measurement scheme of the ORC non-regeneration cycle.







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Investigated cycles



Measurement scheme of the regenerative ORC with an expansion valve.

Measurement scheme of the ORC regeneration cycle and microturbine.

PUMP



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FAN COOLER

CONDENSER

TANK HFE 7100



COLLECTOR (inlet)

VALVE SOLENOID

MICROTURBINE

COLLECTOR (outlet)

(5)

(2)

m11

G



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Heating cycle



Prototype of electric flow heater for oil.



Prototype of multi-fuel boiler with a solid fuel reservoir (biomass-pellets).









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Microturbine:

- radial turbine (high-speed)

- axial turbine (low-speed)



Parameters:

- electrical power: 2.7 kW,
- pressure inlet: 12 bar,
- rotor speed: 24 000 rpm,
- working medium: HFE 7100,



Parameters:

- electrical power: 3.3 kW,
- pressure inlet: 11 bar,
- rotor speed: 36 000 rpm,
- working medium: HFE 7100,



Parameters:

- electrical power: 3.0 kW,
- pressure inlet: 12 bar,
- rotor speed: 8 000 rpm,
- working medium: HFE 7100,









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Radial microturbine:

Micro-turbogenerator equipped with four stage radial turbine.



The main parameters:

- turbine power: 2.7 kW,
- isentropic efficiency: 70 %
- rotor speed: 24 000 rpm,
- mass flow rate: 170 g/s,
- working medium: HFE 7100,









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Axial microturbine:

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Microturbine coupled with the electric generator.

The main parameters:

- turbine power: 3.0 kW,
- stage diameter: 100 mm,
- blade height: 10 mm,
- rotor speed: 8 000 rpm,
- working medium: HFE 7100.





Shrouded rotor of a axial turbine.





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Pumps working with medium (HFE 7100)



Prototype pitot tube pump.



Prototype peripheral pump.



Commercial gear pump



Commercial peripheral



Commercial gear pump











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3. Experimental results



HFE7100 and thermal oil temperature versus time in the evaporator – temperature stability (gear pump).



HFE 7100 and thermal oil pressure drop versus time in the evaporator (gear pump).











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time [min]

Liquid and vapour HFE 7100 temperature versus time in the regenerator – temperature stability (gear pump).



Liquid and vapour HFE7100 pressure drop versus time in the regenerator (gear pump).











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HFE7100 and glycol temperature versus time in the condenser - temperature stability (gear pump).



HFE 7100 and thermal oil pressure drop versus time in the condenser (gear pump).









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Rotational speed and power generated by the microturbine in the ORC system with a gear pump.









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The examined ORC regeneration cycle with the gear pump in a T-s coordinate system.

P-v diagram of the regenerative ORC with a microturbine and a gear pump.









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4. Conclusions

The design basis includes the following physicochemical parameters of HFE 7100 (working medium) at the inlet to the microturbine:

- temperature 160 °C
- pressure inlet 12 bar
- mass flow rate 170 g/s

Compliance with these conditions is essential for the regular work of the turbine and reaching the required efficiency and electric power level (about 2 - 3 kW) by an ORC system.









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The measurements performed in the test bench for ORC with regeneration and a

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gear pump allowed to obtain the following physicochemical parameters of HFE 7100: • temperature inlet: 165 °C • pressure inlet: 10 bar Thus, HFE 7100 parameters enable regular work of the cogenerative micro power plant. • pressure behind: 1.2 bar • mass flow rate: 161 g/s The thermal efficiency of a Carnot cycle: $\eta_{Car} = 32$ % The thermal efficiency of the ORC: $\eta_{ORC} = 10$ %

Electrical efficiency of the CHP system: $\eta_{ele,CHP} = 4.5$ %

Isentropic efficiency (radial microturbine): 70 %

Electrical output: 1.5 kW (rotor speed - 18 000 rpm)









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Construction design of a micro power plant – view from the cogeneration module - comparision with a human.











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Thank you for your attention

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