

# ASME ORC 2013

## **EVALUATION OF PINCH POINT SMOOTHING AS A MEANS TO ENHANCE THE POWER PRODUCED IN ORC UNITS WITH VARIABLE TEMPERATURE HEAT SOURCE**

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*Rotterdam 7<sup>th</sup> & 8<sup>th</sup> 2013*

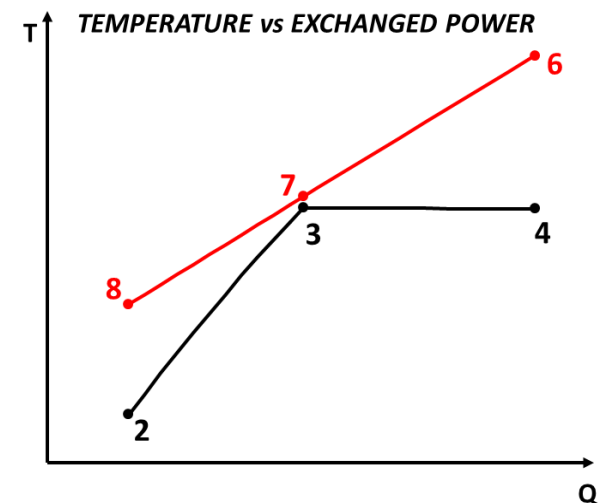
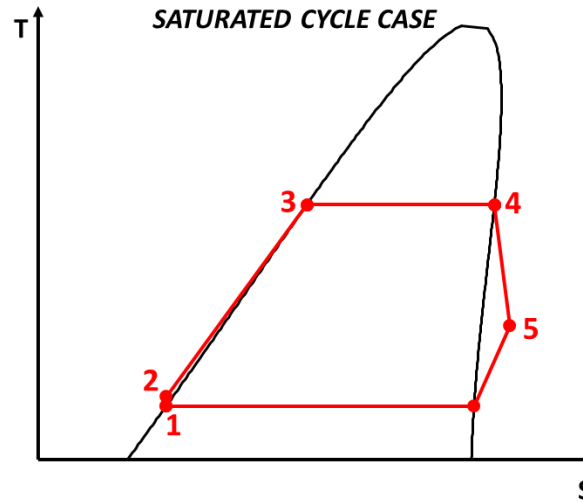
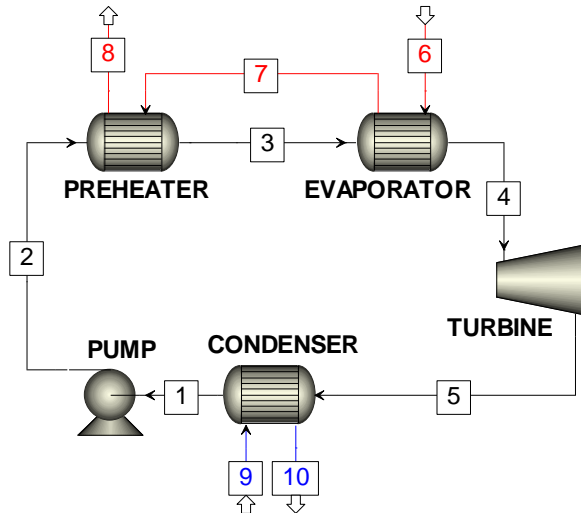


# the challenge

## VARIABLE TEMPERATURE HEAT SOURCE

- HOT WATER
- EXHAUST GAS

## SATURATED CYCLE ORC



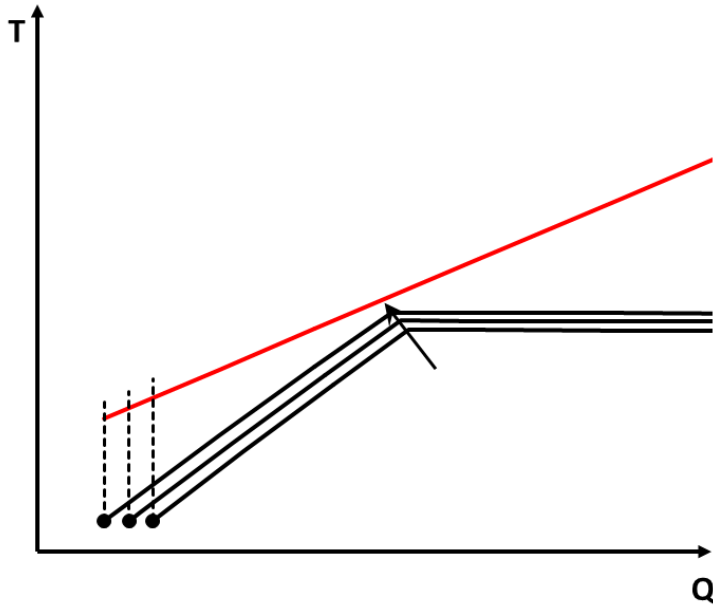
$$\Delta T_{PP} = T_7 - T_3 \text{ PINCH POINT TEMPERATURE DIFFERENCE}$$

CONSTANT HEAT CAPACITY STREAM

# the challenge

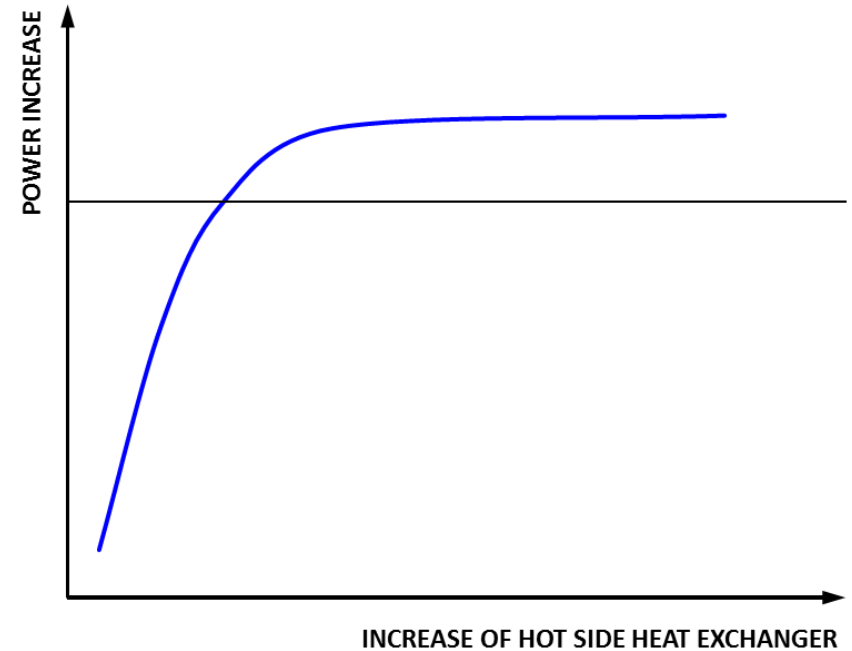
## HIGH PERFORMANCE HOT SIDE HEAT EXCHANGERS

- LARGE SURFACE AREA
- EXTENDED SURFACES (various kinds of finned tubes)
- PLATE HEX (plate/ shell and plate/ etc)
- INNOVATIVE MATRICES



MINOR INCREASE OF EXCHANGED POWER

MINOR INCREASE OF EVAPORATION  
TEMPERATURE



# the challenge

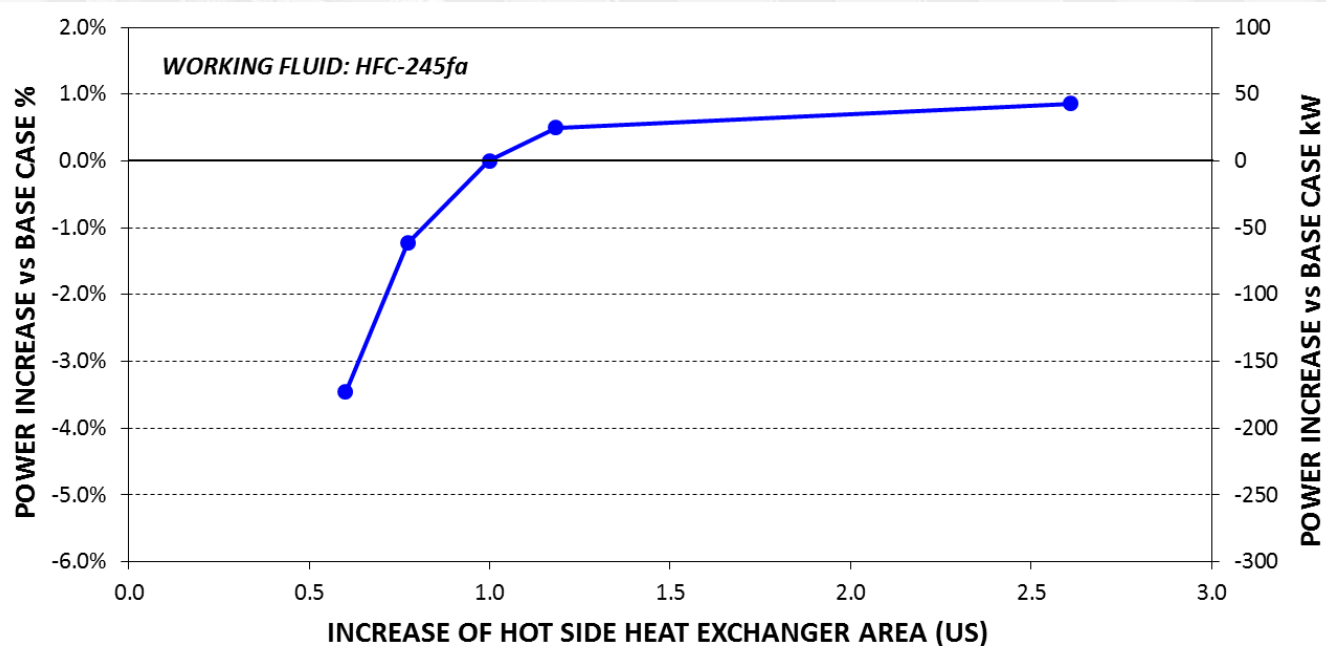
Quantify a case

5 MW  
GEOTHERMAL

INPUT DATA

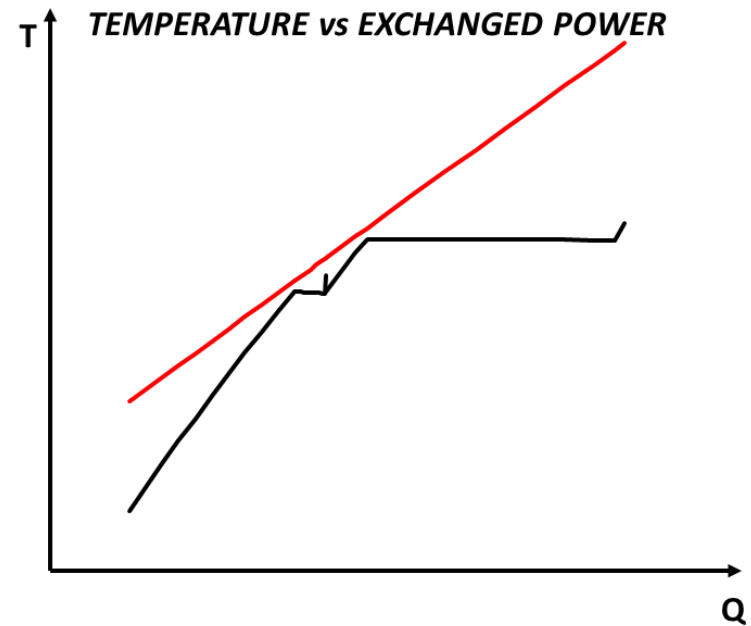
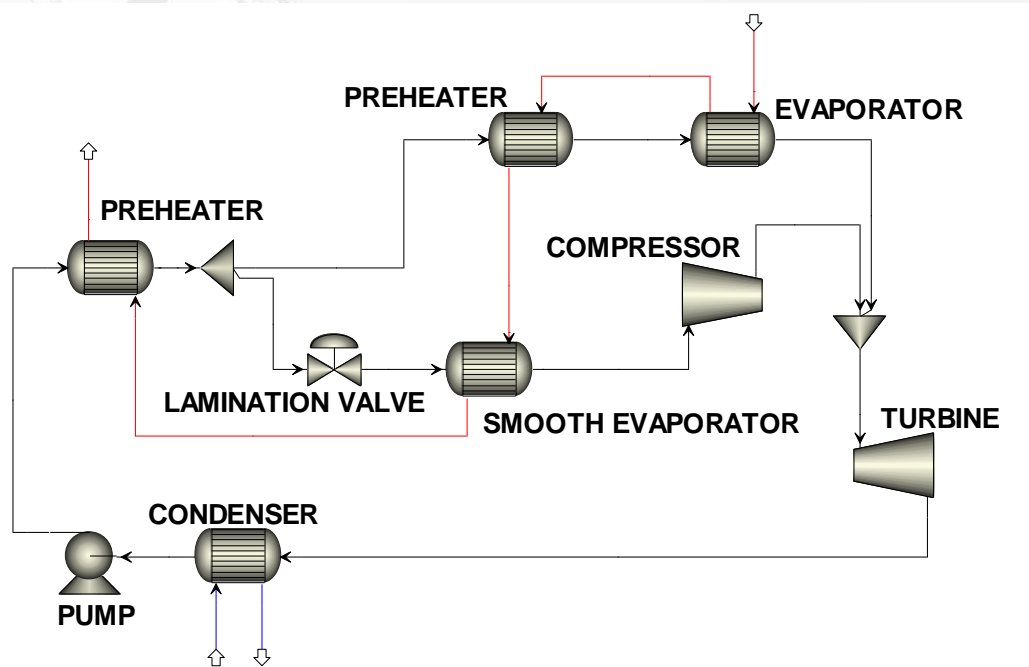
Base case  
 $\Delta T_{pp}=2\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

Working fluid	R-245fa	R-134a
$P_{\text{evaporation}}/P_{\text{critical}}$ (base case)	0,28	0,62
Base case Net Power kW	5000	5000
Hot source fluid	Hot Water	Hot Water
Hot source temperature $^{\circ}\text{C}$	150	115
Hot source flow kg/s	100	170
Condensation temperature $^{\circ}\text{C}$	20	22
Turbine efficiency	85%	
Generator efficiency	97%	
Pump efficiency	74%	
Compressor efficiency	71%	

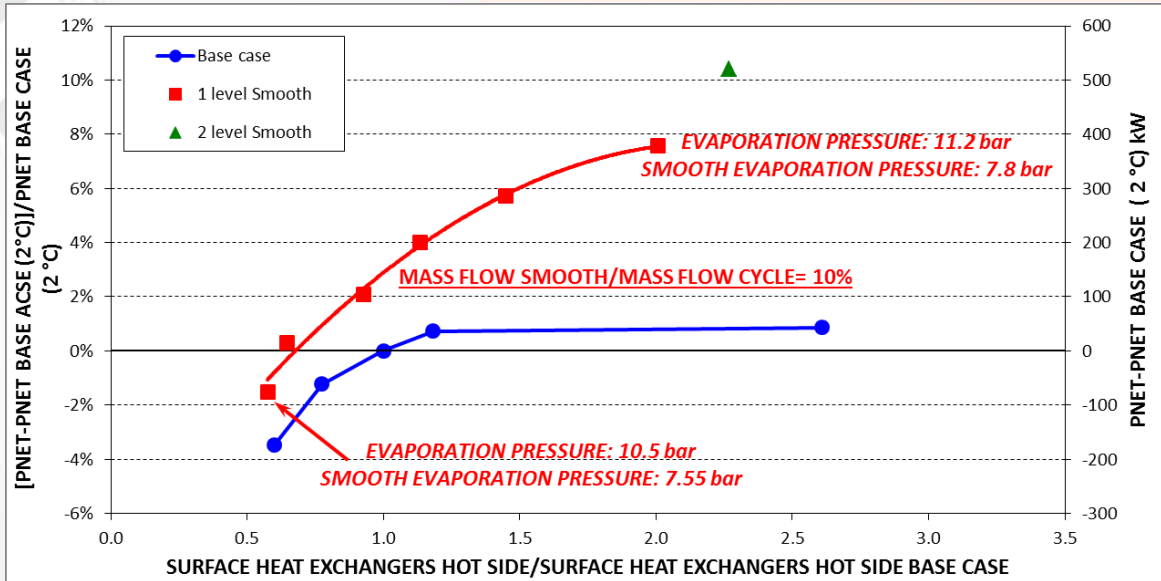


# PINCH POINT SMOOTHING

- PINCH POINT SMOOTHING: a fraction of the working fluid flow evaporates at lower pressure and it is mechanically compressed to the turbine inlet pressure



# PINCH POINT SMOOTHING

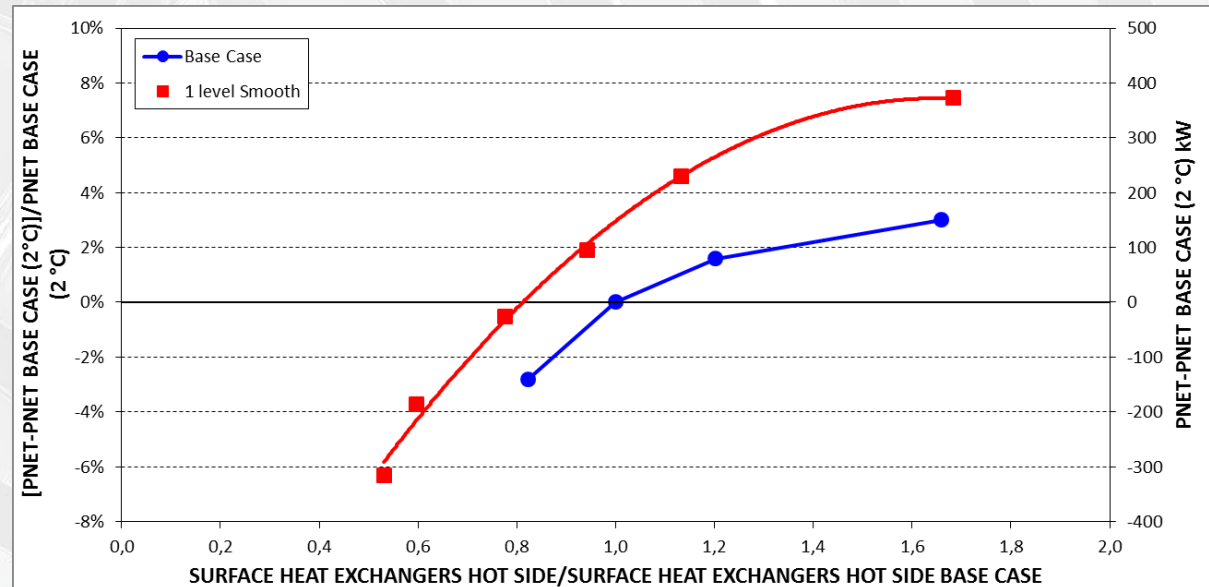


WORKING FLUID HFC-245fa

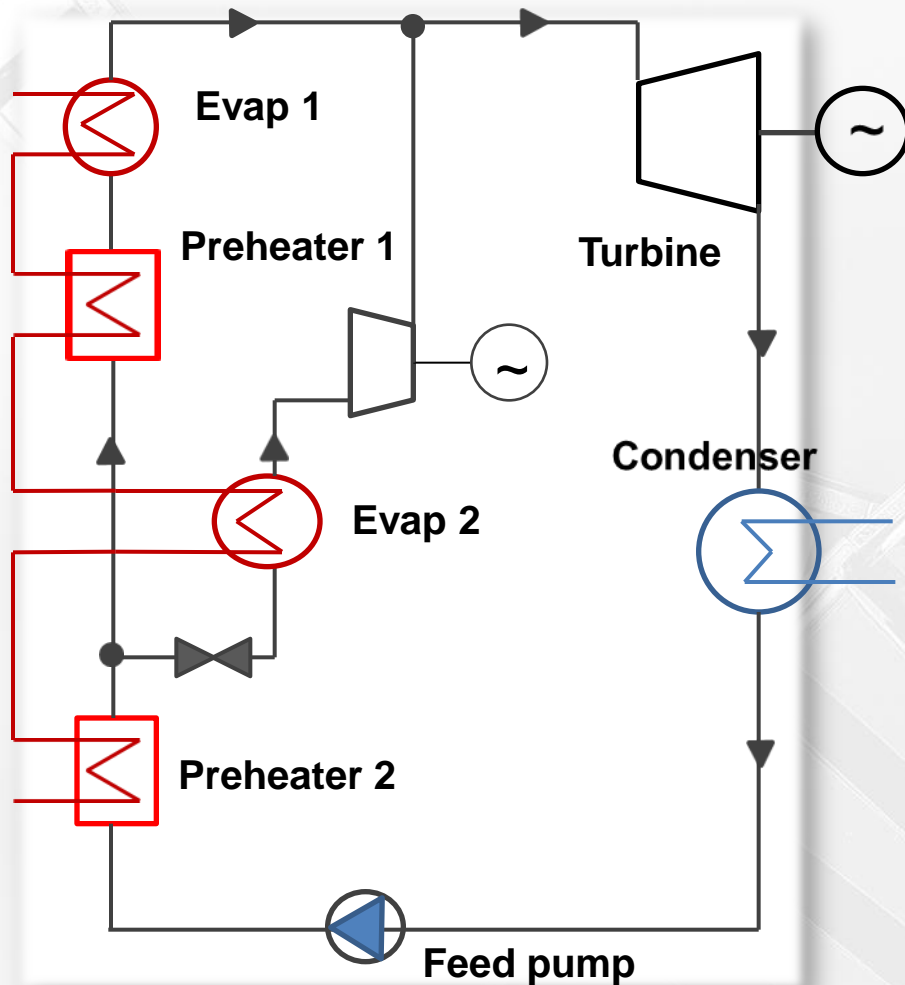
5 MW Geothermal  
base case

Delta T Pinch Point: 2°C

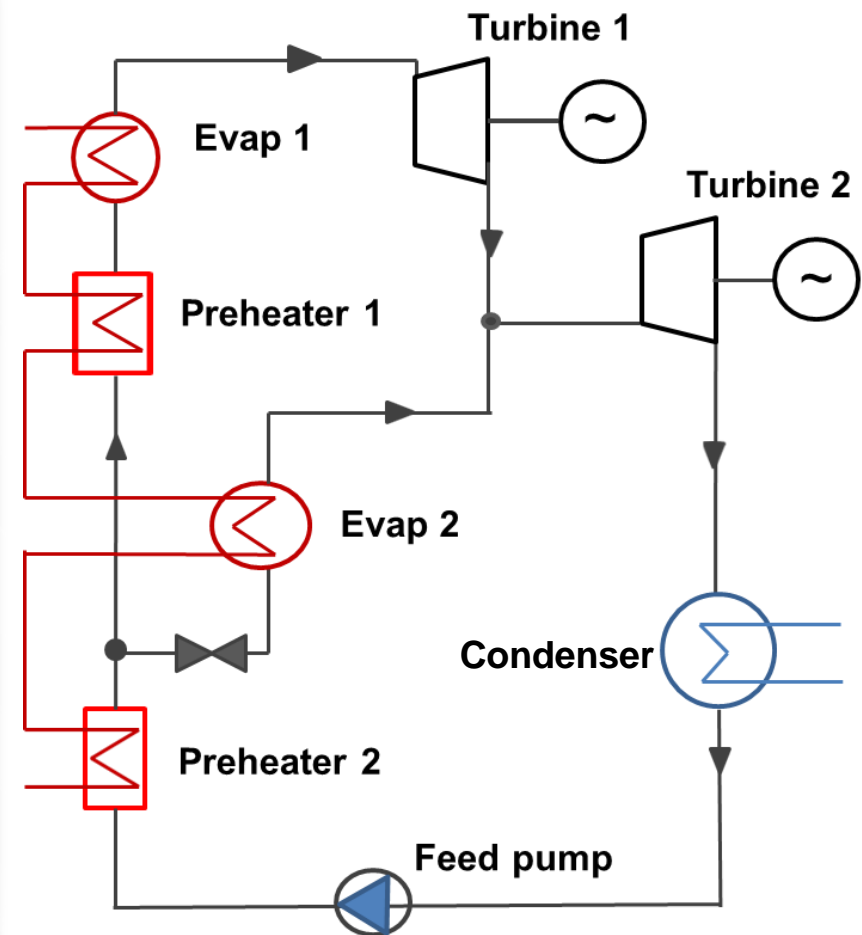
WORKING FLUID HFC-134a



# Pinch point smoothing



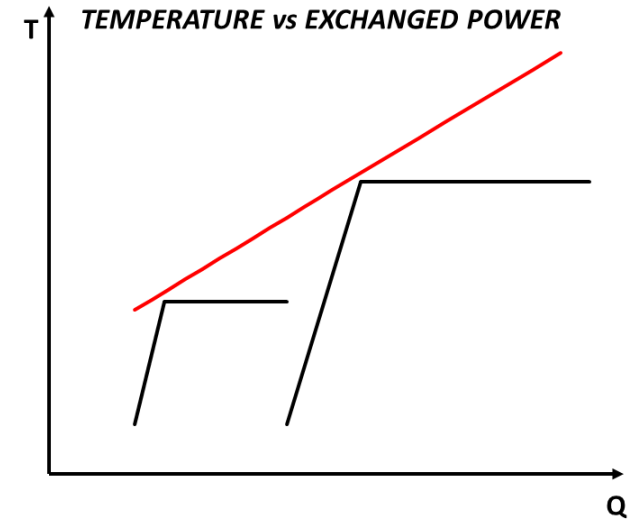
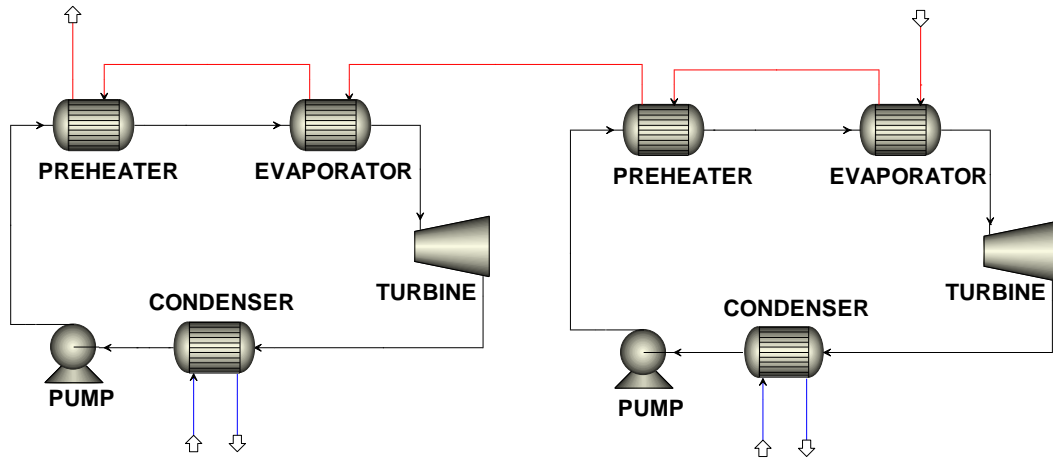
vs TWO LEVEL EVAPORATION ORC



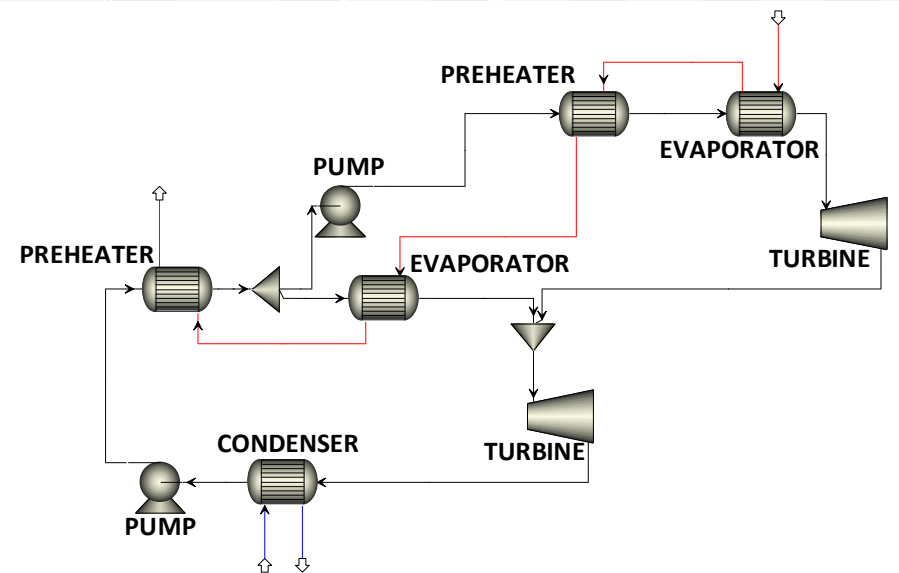
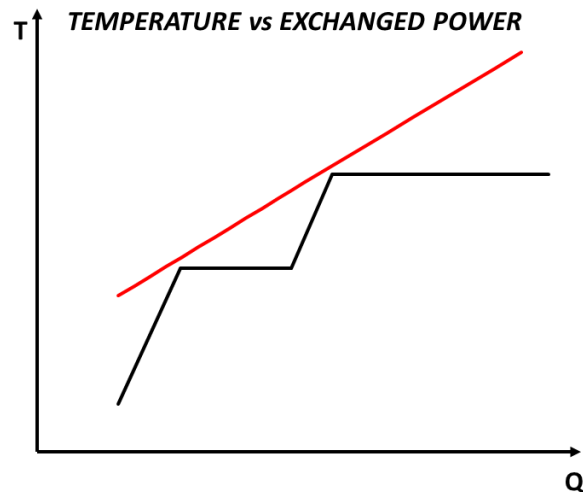


# alternatives to simple cycle

- TWIN CYCLES IN SERIES



- TWO LEVEL EVAPORATION CYCLE

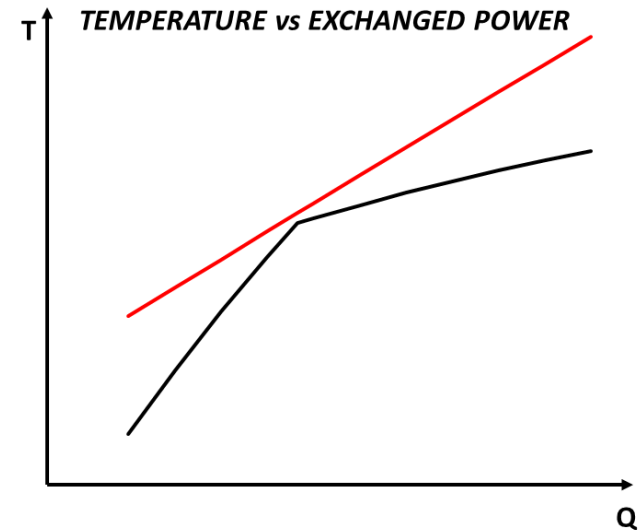
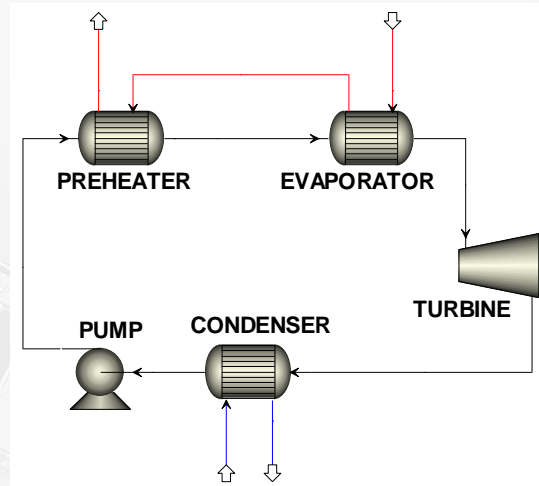




# alternatives to simple cycle

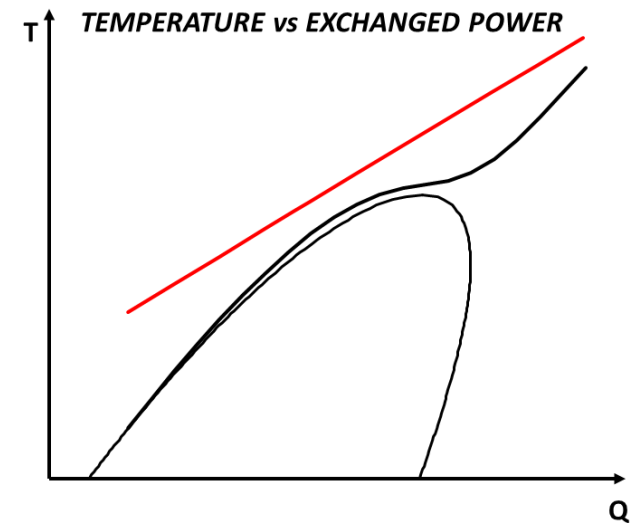
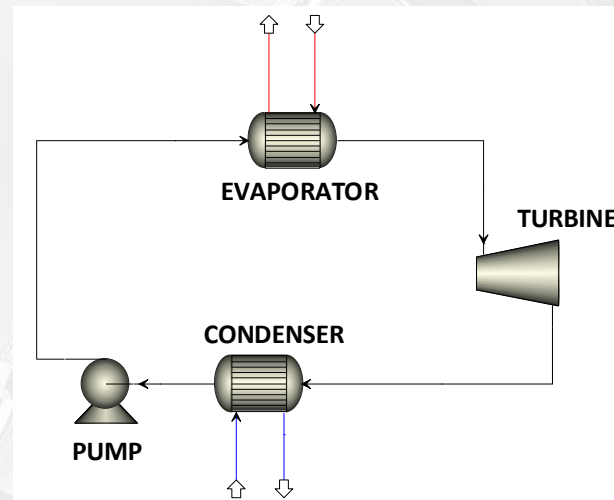
## ZEOTROPIC MIXTURE AS WORKING FLUID

- lower heat exchange coefficient
- control of composition
- consequences of local deviation



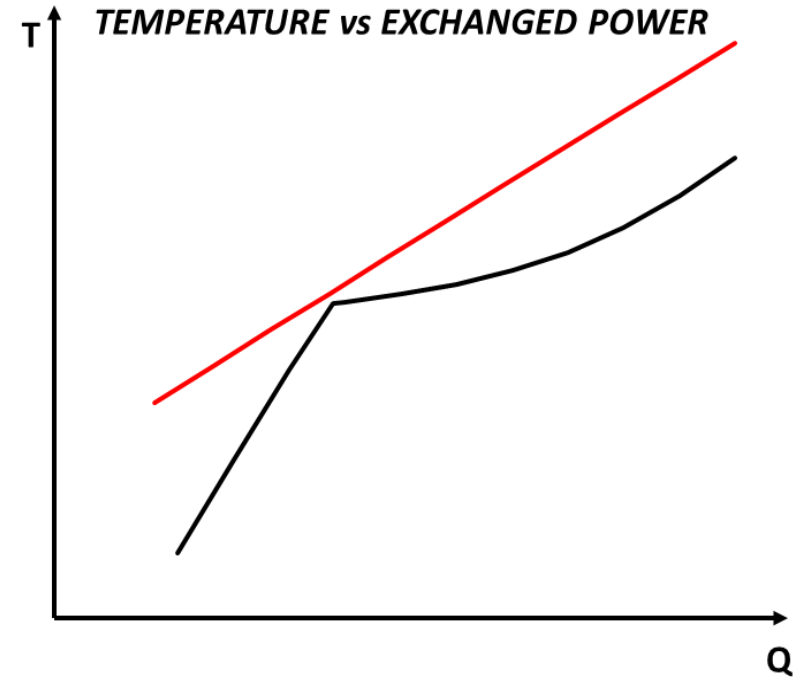
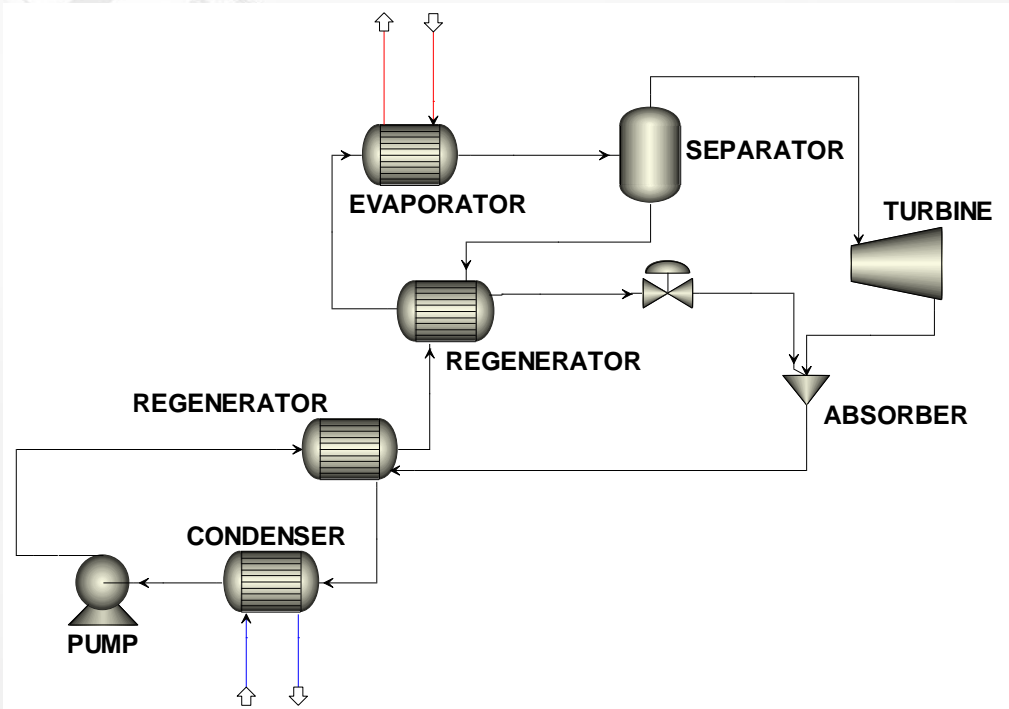
## SUPERCRITICAL CYCLE

- high pressure
- high feed pump power



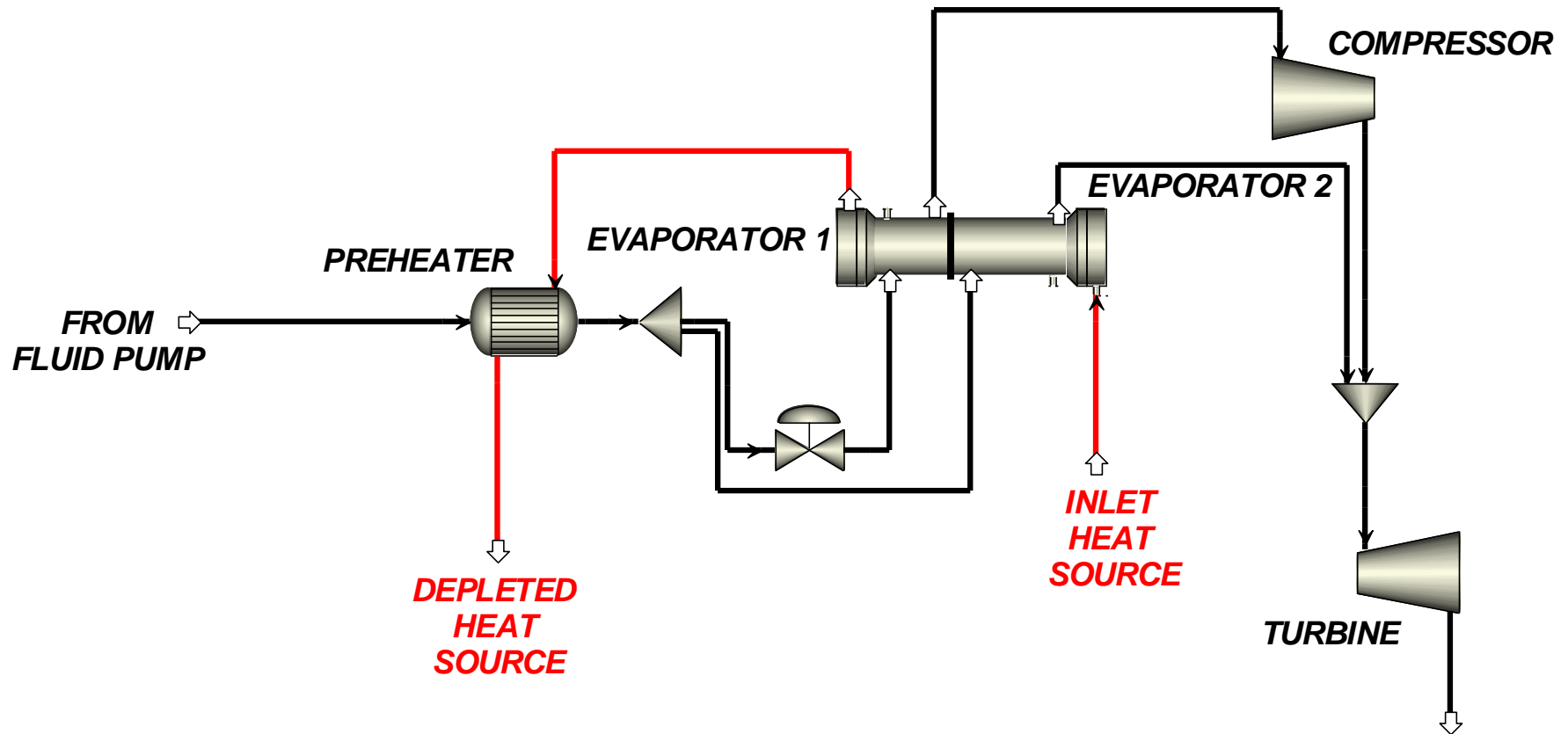
# alternatives to simple cycle

- VARIABLE CONCENTRATION WORKING FLUID eg Kalina Cycle

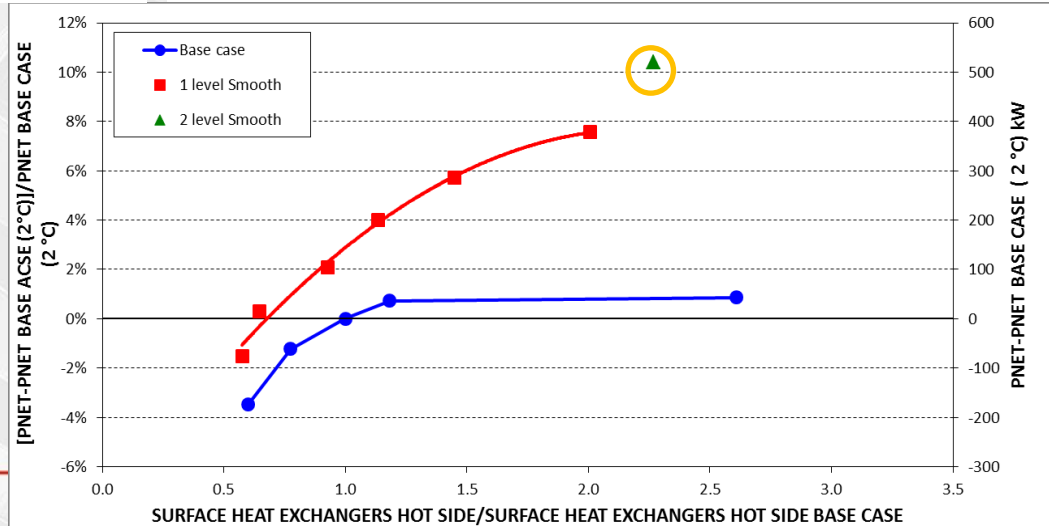
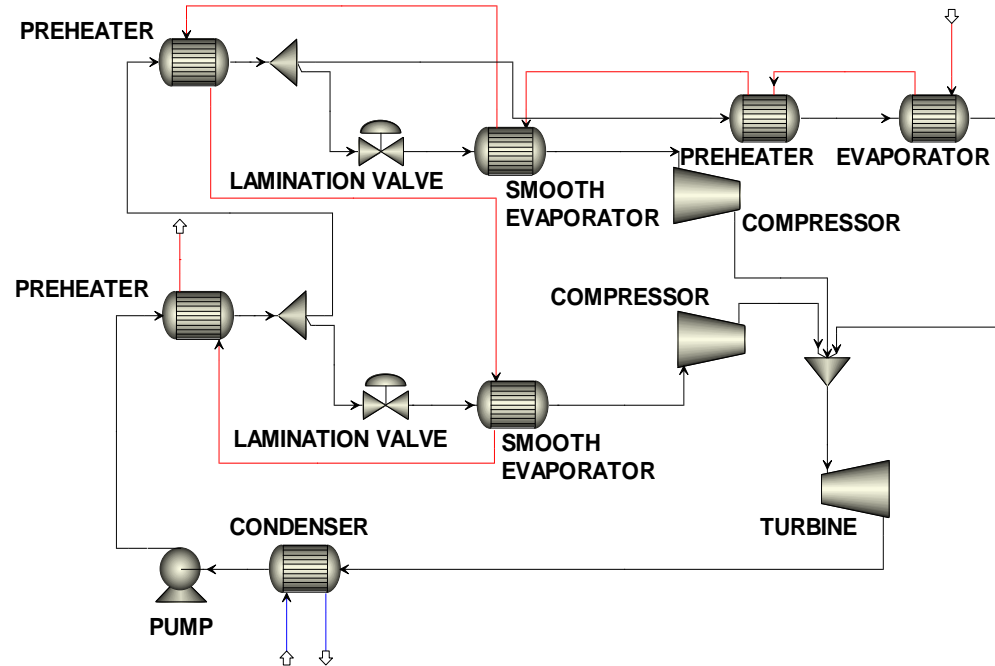
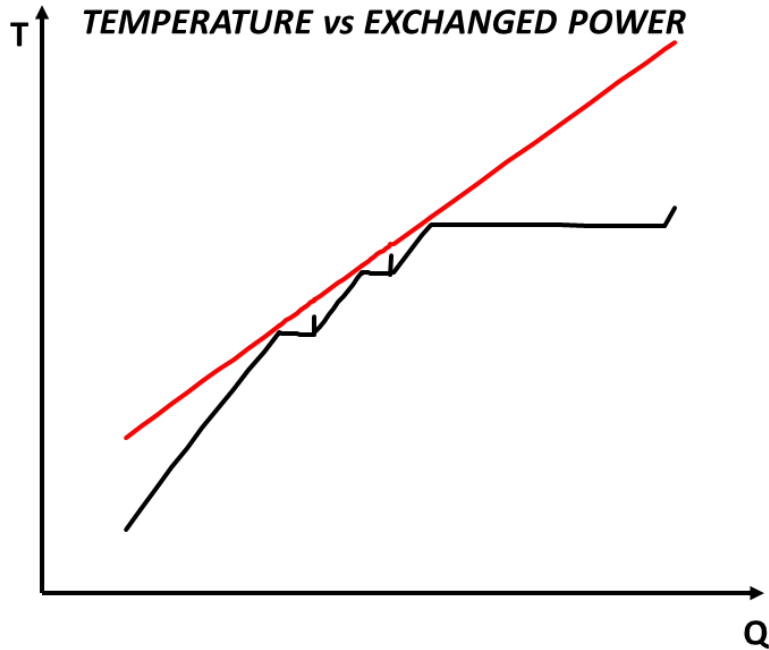


# PINCH POINT SMOOTHING a possible heat exchanger solution

*SINGLE SHELL&TUBE EVAPORATOR WITH AN INTERMEDIATE TIGHT BAFFLE*



# TWO LEVEL SMOOTHING



## Final remarks

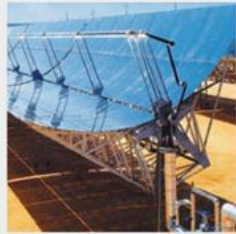
PINCH POINT SMOOTHING ALLOWS EITHER TO **INCREASE POWER OUTPUT FOR A GIVEN HEAT EXCHANGER SURFACE** OR TO **REDUCE HEAT EXCHANGER SURFACE FOR A GIVEN POWER**

WHILE ADOPTING **SINGLE INLET TURBINE**, SUBSTANTIALLY UNMODIFIED COMPARED TO A BASE CYCLE TURBINE  
(COST OF TURBINE IS LOWER THAN IN A TWO LEVEL EVAPORATION SYSTEM)

PINCH POINT SMOOTHING MOREOVER CAN BE CONSIDERED AS A **RETROFITTING ITEM** AND DOES **NOT REDUCE THE BASE RELIABILITY** (A COMPRESSOR FAULT DOES NOT INVOLVE NECESSARILY A SHUTDOWN OF THE PLANT).



THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION



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